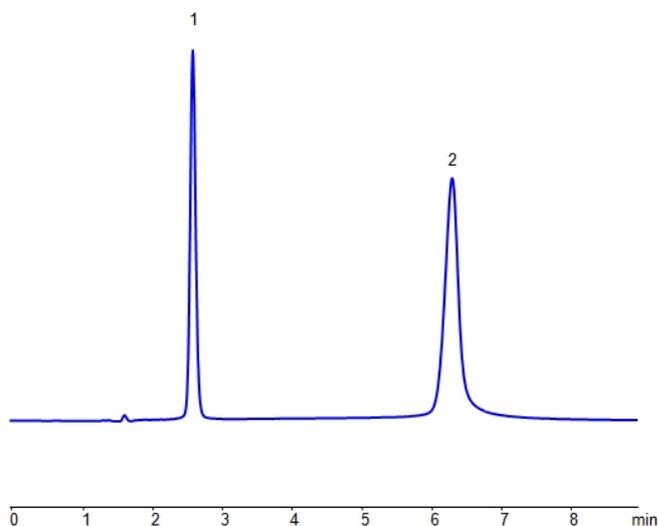


HPLC Separation of Cytidine-5'-diphosphate (CDP) and Adenosine 5'-Triphosphate (ATP) on Newcrom B Column



1. Cytidine 5'-Diphosphate
2. Adenosine 5'-Triphosphate

Column:	Newcrom B
Column size:	4.6 × 150 mm, 5 µm
Mobile phase:	MeCN/H ₂ O 10/85%
Buffer:	Formic Acid - 5%
Detection:	UV, 270nm
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min

High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) Method for Analysis of Adenosine Triphosphate , Cytidine Diphosphate .

Cytidine-5'-diphosphate is a nucleoside diphosphate with C₉H₁₅N₃O₁₁P₂ chemical formula. It is used by RNA and DNA to draw upon it for building blocks. It is a precursor to cytidine triphosphate.

Adenosine 5'-Triphosphate is a nucleotide with the chemical formula C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₃P₃. It is referred to as "energy currency" of the cell due to its importance in cellular energy metabolism. It is generated in the mitochondria and is used in numerous various cellular processes.

Adenosine Triphosphate , Cytidine Diphosphate can be retained and analyzed using the Newcrom B stationary phase column. The analysis utilizes an isocratic method with a simple mobile phase consisting of water and acetonitrile (MeCN) with a formic acid buffer. Detection is performed using UV.

Method Parameters

Column	Newcrom B, 4.6 x 150 mm, 5 µm, 100 Å, dual ended
Mobile Phase	MeCN/H ₂ O – 10/85%
Buffer	Formic Acid – 5%
Flow Rate	1.0 mL/min
Detection	UV 270 nm

Quelle: <https://sielc.com/hplc-separation-of-cdp-and-atp>