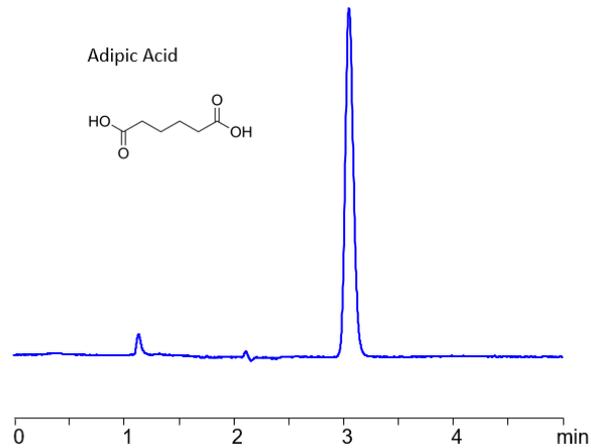


## HPLC Method for Analysis of Adipic Acid on Newcrom B Column



<b>Column:</b>	Newcrom B
<b>Size:</b>	4.6 x 150 mm, 3 µm, 100 Å
<b>Column part number:</b>	NB-46.150.0310
<b>Mobile phase:</b>	MeCN/H <sub>2</sub> O – 5/95%
<b>Buffer:</b>	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> – 0.02%
<b>Flow:</b>	1.0 mL/min
<b>Detection:</b>	UV 200 nm

Adipic acid, also known as hexanedioic acid, is a key precursor to nylon, and more than 2.5 billion kilograms are produced every year. In medicinal uses, it has been incorporated into controlled-release formulation as well as the polymeric coating of hydrophilic monolithic systems. It has the chemical formula C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>4</sub>.

Adipic Acid can be retained and analyzed on a mixed-mode Newcrom B column with a mobile phase consisting of water, Acetonitrile (MeCN), and Sulfuric acid (H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>). This analytical method can be UV detected at 200 nm with high resolution and peak symmetry.

### Method Parameters

<b>Column</b>	Newcrom B, 4.6 x 150 mm, 3 µm, 100 Å, dual ended
<b>Mobile Phase</b>	MeCN/H <sub>2</sub> O -5/95%
<b>Buffer</b>	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> – 0.02%
<b>Flow Rate</b>	1.0 mL/min
<b>Detection</b>	UV 200 nm

Quelle: <https://sielc.com/hplc-method-for-analysis-of-edta-and-maleic-acid-on-newcrom-b-column-2>